THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Vol. 30. SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1816. No. 25.

PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL,
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every ...rday Morning, at Three Dollars per an... payable half yearly in advance.
...he subscriber does not order a discontinu... of his paper at the end of the year, it will ...sidered as a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
...st 3 insertions, one dollar per square.
...ery subsequent insertion, 25 cents per do.
...the year, 10 dollarsper do.
...ERTISING customers are requested to ...e number of insertions on their Advertise...

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
Printing in general, executed with neatness ...dispatch.

NEW BOOKS.

...ST RECEIVED THE FOLLOW...G RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

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...cipline, second edition, bound, 2 vols.
Will be received in a few days,
...tt's "Field of Waterloo," 1 vol.
...nish Guitar, 1 vol.
... Albin, 3 vols.
...thic Bower, or Lady of the West Country, ...vel in 2 vols. by the author of the Child... of the Abbey.
... be, by Mrs. ... and Perseverance, by the author of ... Maid of Moscow.
...Ward of Delemare, a novel, 2 vols.
...eties of Life, or Conduct and Consequen...s, a novel, 2 vols.
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... Paris Spectator, 2 vols.
... Paradise of Coquetts, a Poem.
...ce's Classical Tour through Italy, 2 vols. ... with plates.
...'s Works, 2 vols.
... Olive Branch, or FAULTS ON BOTH SIDES, ...eral and Democratic —A serious appeal ...he necessity of mutual forgiveness and ...rmony—by M. CAREY.
...nd edition enlarged, 8vo. handsomely bound, $2 75.

...COMMENDATIONS OF THE OLIVE BRANCH.

...ract of a letter from James Madison, Esq. President of the United States.

Washington, January 28, 1815.

"...have not been able as yet to do more than ... at the plan of the work, and run over a ... its pages. The course adopted of as...ng authentic and striking facts, and ad...g them impartially and independently, ...th becoming emphasis, to the attention ...public, was best fitted to render it a va...d seasonable service: and it appears ...the success of your labours will well re... the laudable views with which it was un...taken."

...ct of a letter from a Member of the Senate of Pennsylvania, a decided Federalist.

"...takes this opportunity of ex...g to Mr Carey the satisfaction which ...derived from reading his manly appeal ...the passions to the reason of contending ..." Dec. 2, 1814.

"The Olive Branch, or Faults on both sides, ... and Democratic, is no party publica... contains a lucid examination of the ... of both parties, and calls loudly for union ...ence of our country and the dearest inter... all.—We have never seen a publication ...country that so justly merited the pa... of all. Federalists and Republicans ... both see their faults clearly pointed out ...mented on. We admire the independ...ent of the publication. Although we do ...bscribe to all the tenets, objects, and re...endations contained in the Olive Branch, ... think such a publication particularly ...ble, as it comprises a succinct view a well ...ged mass of public and political docu... on the subjects which led to the war, ...cularly that of impressment, the Orders ..., correspondence of Mr. Erskine and ..., previous to the war, and important ...ondence between our public functiona... those of the enemy since the war.— ... should possess this book, and read ...lly through without prejudice. *Boston*

FOR SALE AT
R. PATTERSON'S,
...STORE, FOURTH STREET.
...burgh, January 19, 1816.

SHIRAS & DOBBIN,

...FOR SALE, at their WARE-HOUSE, at the Point,

...iata Bar and Roll'd IRON
...WLEY & BLISTERED STEEL
..., AXES, CHAINS, &c.
... Wrought NAILS,
... Orleans and Country SUGAR,
...ASSES, COTTON, FEATHERS,
...DOW GLASS, and an assortment of
...EN GLASS HOLLOW WARE.
...burgh, July 15, 1815. tfq

TO RENT,

And possession given on the first of April next,

A TWO Story Brick HOUSE, to which is attached a two story back building and kitchen, situated in Diamond alley, three doors from the Market. It has formerly been occupied as a Store, and is an elegant situation for either Store or Boarding House. For terms, apply to RACHEL H. WATSON.

Pittsburgh, January 20, 1816.—tfpl

FARMERS AND MECHANICS BANK OF PITTSBURGH,

DECEMBER 29, 1815.

THE Fifth Instalment on the Stock of this Bank, amounting to Two and an Half Dollars on each share, is requested to be paid at the Banking House, on or before the first day of February next.

By order of the Board of Directors,
G. LUCKEY, *Cashier.*

M'CLEAN & DOANE,

BEG leave to acquaint their friends and the public, that they have *just received* an excellent assortment of HARDWARE, IRONMONGERY, WINES, LIQUORS AND GROCERIES, principally consisting of the following articles:—

Knives and Forks
Pen and Pocket Knives
Butcher Knives
Shoe Knives
Spoons
Knob, Chest, Cupboard and Till Locks
Padlocks
Stock Locks
Thumb Latches
Files and Rasps
Knitting Pins, steel,
Butt Hinges
Screws
Pistol and Gun Locks
Pincers
Compasses
Iron Squares
Cork Screws
Kent and Carpenters Hammers
Crowley Steel (English)
Vices
Anvils (Mouse hole)
Anchors
Axes
Hatchets
Augers
Trace and Log Chains
Halter Chains
Small Bench Vices
Scythes
Sickles

Chamber Candlestic ... silver pattern
Chaffing Dishes
Rat Traps
Wheel Irons
Claret in boxes }
Port }
Madeira } Wine
L. P. Teneriffe }
Lisbon }
Jamaica Spirits } 4th
Brandy } proof
Holland Gin
Cherry Bounce
Old Whiskey
Vinegar
Young Hyson Tea
New Orleans Sugar
Coffee 1st and 2d qual.
Chocolate
Pepper
oil Brimstone
Cheese
Powder
Shot
Tobacco
Segars
White Lead
Window Glass
Spanish Indigo
Juniata Iron
Castings
Iron Wire

12 Boxes Muscatel Raisins, at $7 50
Buffaloe and Bear Skins

ALSO,

20 bales prime Louisa. Cotton.

Intending to close their business by the 1st of April their present stock will be disposed of on very reasonable terms, for approved payments; they will make it an object to any person wishing to rpuchase the whole.

TO LET,

Two Store Rooms,

SITUATED in Wood, between Front and Water Streets. For terms apply to the subscriber, living on the premises.

SAMUEL SMITH.

Pittsburgh, December 23, 1815.

☞ All those indebted to the subscriber for a longer term than three months, who do not come forward and settle their accounts on or before the first day of February next, may expect them placed in the hands of a Justice of the Peace for collection. S. S.

Philipsburgh, Centre County, Dec. 16, 1815

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY on the 15th inst. from the subscriber living in Philipsburgh, Centre County, a Mulatto Apprentice Lad named PRIMUS STANTON, about 16 years old, very stout for his age, full faced, with agreeable regular features and a pleasant countenance, white handsome teeth; on the lower part of one of his cheeks a small scar. Had on and is supposed to have taken with him, some shirts made of homespun linen partly bleached, one pair of trowsers and a round-about coat made of good blue and white cotton striped bed-ticking, one pair of light ribbed kerseymere pantaloons, also another pair of pantaloons, with feet, made of blue linsey striped with red, an old blue round-about coat patched with light; also a long superfine broad cloth coat; whether he has taken boots as well as shoes is unknown. He went off in company with a white boy named JAMES CAFFERTY, or M'CAFFERTY, about 14 years old, with sandy or redish coloured hair. Thirty Dollars Reward is offered for securing the said Primus Stanton so that I shall get him again; and reasonable charges will be paid if he be delivered tome at my residence in Philipsburg.

WILLIAM P. DEWEES.

Sixteen Elegant Building Lots

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscribers, Trustees of the *Associate Reformed Church* of the Borough of Pittsburgh, offer at Private Sale, SIXTEEN BUILDING LOTS, situated on Sixth Street, Cherry Alley, nd Strawberry Alley. A plan of said Lots may be seen with either of the subscribers, who will make the terms known to such persons as are disposed to purchase. The title is indisputable, and the conditions of Sale very reasonable.

ARCHIBALD SHAW, }
EDWARD JONES, }
HENRY WESTBAY, } TRUSTEES.
THOMAS HAZLETON, }
THOMAS M'KEE, }

Pittsburgh, December 26, 1815.

HARDWARE STORE.

Thomas Hazelton & Henry Bailey,

HAVING entered into Partnership, in the above line of business, have opened a GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF HARDWARE, at their Store in Market Street, between Front and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, which they will sell WHOLESALE OR RETAIL on moderate terms. The subscribers flatter themselves that from their attention to business, they will receive a share of public patronage.

ALSO—The Manufacturies of Messrs. HAZELTON'S, of SCALE BEAMS, PATENT BALANCES, &c. may be had at their Store.

HAZELTON & BAILEY.

Sept 29, 1815. tfq*2PcNF1S

IRON WORKS,

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, the FORGE, ROLLING AND SLITTING MILL, NAIL FACTORY, GRIST MILL AND SAW MILL, a large well finished Brick Dwelling HOUSE, and a number of convenient HOUSES for the accommodation of Workmen, late the property of Mr. Daniel Keller, situated nine miles from Brownsville, and adjoining the village of Middletown, in Fayette County, Pa. to which is attached an excellent STONE COAL BANK and THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY ACRES of LAND.

The whole of this property is now in complete repair, and will be disposed of on reasonable terms, and possession given immediately.

ISAAC MEASON.

Mount Braddock, 25th Dec. 1815. tf

J. & J. BROWN.

Wholesale and Retail STORE.

JUST received at the above Store, North end of MARKET STREET, an elegant assortment MERCHANDIZE. Among a great variety, are the following articles, viz:

WOODS'S best London extra superfine Black, Blue and Bottle Green CLOTHS,
Fine Black, Blue, Mix't and Brown Do.
Cassimers, cassinets and elastic cords,
Elegant blue and black Stockinetts, plain and ribb'd
Velvets and velvet Cords
Super white Marseilles Vestings
Do. Buff, spotted and striped Do.
Elegant toilenett, fancy and dark Vestings
Super undressed Chintzes
An elegant assortment of dress'd Do.
First and 2d quality furniture Chintzes
Low priced Calicoes of all kinds
A few pieces superfine and common Do.
3-4, 7-8, 4-4 and 5-4 Irish Linens
Ladies and gentlemen superfine and common white cotton Hose
Gentlemen's white and mixt half Hose
4-4 and 6-4 superfine and common dress'd and undress'd Cambric Muslins.
4-4 and 5-4 India Muslins
Jackonett, mull and book Muslins plain and figured
Plain and figured Lenoes
Spidernett, lappet, corded and tape strip'd Muslins
Dimitys, long cloths and British shirtings
6-4, 4-4 and 3-4 cotton and linnen Checks
Platillas and brown Holland
Real and mock Madrass handkerchiefs
A great variety of fancy neck Do.
8-4, 7-4, 6-4, 5-4 and 4-4 silk and cotton Cashmere Shawls
Do. Do. Chintz Do.
Superfine and common white and stamp'd pocket handkerchiefs
Ladies and Gentlemens' Silk, York tann'd ar Kid Gloves
Ladies extra long Do.
Black and white plain and figured gauzes
Best English cotton balls, tape, bob... n a... Scotch Thread
An elegant assortment of 7-4 and 8-4 ... ... silk shawls
Damask silk shawls, fancy and black ...k handkerchiefs
Real Tortoise shell, mock and horn ...ack and side combs
10-4 and 11-4 super white counterpains
Edgings, laces, thread and cotton shirt buttons
Elegant plain and fringed Parasols
Blue Nankeens
Pins, needles, fringes, trimmings, &c.
Elegant black, brown and bottle green bombazettes
Gilt and Mahogany fram'd looking glasses large and small
Gentlemens leather shoes and pumps
Ladies first quality leather and morocco Do.
Misses and childrens Do.

QEUENSWARE.

Plates, dishes, wash basons, cups & saucers, &c.
A few crates expected in a few days elegantly assorted, of Liverpool China
Best green Coffee, young hyson Tea and other groceries, &c.
HARDWARE, &c. &c.

As J. & J. BROWN have made arrangements both in New York and Philadelphia, in addition to one of them being generally, if not altogether there, they contemplate keeping a large and constant supply of GOODS, which being purchased with great care and for cash, will be sold WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, as low as any in the western country, for Cash or Country Produce.

Pittsburgh, August 19, 1815 tfq

SPEAKMAN & SAY,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DRUGGISTS,

HAVING established a *Drug and Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, and taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

In Market Street, third door from Front Street, Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing such articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expences, only.

☞ *They now offer for Sale, an assortment of* DRUGS PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c. *for Cash, Produce, or at the usual credit.*

May 30, 1813.

FOR SALE,

THE unexpired Lease of a HOUSE in Wood near Front Street. The Stand is an excellent one for a Store. Enquire of

AVERY & STEVENSON.

Pittsburgh, January 12, 1816. 3t.

FOR SALE.

The Subscriber offers for Sale the following PROPERTY, viz:—

A Lease of Ground,

SITUATE on Wood Street, between Front and Water Streets, 80 feet front by 60 feet deep, on which is erected *FIVE STORE ROOMS*, subject to a yearly rent of 700 dolls. Four of said Store Rooms are now rented at 250 dollars per annum, each; to the fifth, now occupied by the subscriber, situate on the corner, there is a Dwelling House attached.—The terms will be made easy. The property will be sold either separate or together, as may best suit purchasers Apply to the subscriber on the premises.

SAMUEL SMITH.

Pittsburgh, January 4, 1816. tf

COLUMBIAN STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the Public generally that their establishment is now in complete operation and consists of a

STEAM ENGINE FACTORY,

for furnishing Steam Engines on Oliver Evans's construction, which daily experience is proving to be the cheapest and most powerful.

AN AIR FOUNDERY.

on an extensive scale, capable of furnishing castings of any description, but particularly adapted to machinery.

AN ANVIL AND ANCHOR FACTORY,

capable of furnishing anvils and anchors of the largest size.

A BRASS FOUNDERY,

calculated for general castings, but particularly for machinery and large bells, which will be warranted of the first quality.

A BUTT-HINGE FACTORY,

will also shortly be in operation, on a scale sufficiently large to supply any demand. It is also intended to supply small castings anneated.

A PATTERN MAKER'S SHOP, AND A BORING AND TURNERS SHOP.

The lathes are driven by the force of steam; and all orders in the different branches of turning *Iron, Brass, Wood, &c.* will be executed with dispatch.

They also carry on the business of

SCREW MAKING,

and are prepared to furnish Rolling and Slitting Mill, Paper Mill, Fullers, Tobacco and Millstone Screws, &c.

The *Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company* flatter themselves that the nature and extent of their establishment, will enable them to furnish any article in the mechanical line particularly, on as short and as favorable terms as any establishment in the state.

They have on hand a STEAM ENGINE, sufficiently powerful to grind from 20 to 25 bushels of Wheat per hour, in the best manner. Also, a number of Paper Mill, Fullers, and Mill Screws, and Sugar Mill apparatus.

March 1, 1815. tf

TO FARMERS.

THE following valuable TRACTS OF LAND, situate on Conequenessing and Brush creeks, in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Penn. are offered for Sale.

No. 190, containing 200 acres On this Tract there are about 30 acres cleared, and the greatest part is rich bottom—on the premises are a good framed dwelling house, one story high, with a good garret in which is one large room and a sleeping room—a framed kitchen adjoining of a good size, with a cellar underneath, and a spring house before the door, the water of an excellent quality—the tenont is under obligation to build a barn—A house of worship about 80 rods distant.

No. 178, containing 132 acres or thereabouts. In this Tract about 20 acres are cleared, from which no crop has as yet been raised, the greater part bottom—the land of an excellent quality—to this tract is attached the one-third right in a saw-mill and a small quantity of land adjoining.

No. 173, containing 200 acres, is almost entirely bottom land on Brush creek—about 16 acres cleared—this tract is exceedingly rich and fertile, fit for meadow or corn ground.

No. 184. The undivided fourth part of 200 acres, near the Iron works of Doctor Basse—the soil good.

ALSO—Several Lots in the Town of Stone'sville.

The three first Tracts are situate 9 miles from the Town of Beaver, from one-fourth to one mile from the great road from Beaver to Mercer, and about five miles from Harmony—there are four grist mills distant from one and an half to five miles.

Farmers wishing to purchase *good lands* are invited to view the premises, and for further information to call on the subscriber. The title is indisputable, and the terms easy, and to accommodate farmers either Tract will be sold separate, or the whole together. tf.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker.*

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

MILL STONES.

THE subscriber has removed a pair of MILL STONES from the public landing. They have been laying there for many years. By making enquiry the owner could not be found—they are much defaced, and appear to be useless for the purpose of grinding grain. Finding they will answer my purpose, I agree to to pay to the owner a fair price, or deliver them up on demand.

R. JONES, *near the Post-Office.*

WHOLESALE STORE.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the Public, that they have just received, and now offer FOR SALE, by the piece only, in the house of MR CUNLIFFE, next door to Corner of Third, in Wood Street, and opposite to WESTBAY'S Hotel, viz:

6 bales 6-4 coarse and midling CLOTHS,
4 Do. Blue PLAINS
4 Do. Blue, Grey and Drab COATING
4 Do. KERSEY MOLESKIN, different colors
4 Do. BOCKING BAIZE
2 Do SWANSDOWN
4 Cases VELVETS & CORDS first quality.

ALSO,

12 Dozen RORUM HATS, good quality at $33 per Dozen.

The above Goods will be sold at the Philadelphia prices with transportation, for Cash or approved endorsed Notes at 2, 4 and 6 months.

WM: B. FOSTER.
THOMAS DUNCAN.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 8, 1815.

John Reno & Co.

Front Street, nearly opposite BEAN and BUTLER'S Ware-house,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

Madeira and Teneriff Wines.

IN the original Pipes of genuine quality, and a general supply of

GROCERIES,

Which will be sold at reduced prices.

Pittsburgh, Oct, 9, 1815. tfq1SoJR&co*

WOOLLENS.

GEORGE COCHRAN offers for Sale, at his Store west side of the Public Square, an assortment of FINE and COMMON CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and SATTINETTS, wholesale and retail—also, HALF HOSE, which he is determined to sell at the Philadelphia prices for Cash or approved negociable notes.

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

Ormsby & Doane,

HAVE FOR SALE.

300bbs. Salt, first and second quality.

ALSO

Barr Iron,
4d, 6d, 8d and 10d Rolled Iron,
Nails and Nail Rods,
A good assortment of Castings'
Stoves,
Grates,
Mould Candles and Soap, by the Box,

Pittsburgh, December 14, 1815.

Just received by the Subscriber, at his Store in Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware,

which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Also, for Sale, a few barrels *Tanners Oil*, and 20 boxes *Spanish Segars.*

ABISHAI WAY.

Pittsburgh, August 7, 1815.

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY

THE subscriber, (recently from Philadelphia) has established a TOBACCO MANUFACTORY in this town, on Front str't two doors from the Post Office; where he offers for sale, Virginia twist and Kentucky

TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGARS,

of as good quality, and on better terms than can be purchased in Philadelphia or Baltimore.

REES JONES.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1. tfq

REMOVAL.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

HAS removed his SOAP AND CANDLE MANUFACTORY, from the place he formerly resided, to Second Street, between Ferry and Market Streets, opposite the Office of Discount and Deposit, where he solicits the attention of his friends.

NICHOLAS O'CALLAGHAN.

N. B. Twenty Five Cents per Bushel will be given for any quantity of clean OAK or HICKORY ASHES.

Nov. 16, 1815.

FOR SALE, BY

SHIRAS & DOBBIN, 4,500 Acres of Land in the State of Ohio, viz:

1,500 Acres in Highland County,
1,500 do. in Washington do.
1,500 do. in Fayette do.

For the terms, and a description of the Land apply at the WAREHOUSE at the POINT.

Pittsburgh, July 8, 1815. tf.

Metal, Ivory & Wood Turning,

ARNOLD EICHBAUM.

AFTER returning his thanks to the citizens for their generous patronage, begs leave to inform them and the public, that he continues the above Business, at his Old Stand in Front Street, between Cherry Alley and Grant Street, where TURNING in IVORY, METAL and WOOD is executed with neatness and precision. He also carries on the GLASS CUTTING, and making ELECTRICAL MACHINES, CRUET and CASTER FRAMES, &c &c.

Having engaged good workmen, he is able to execute all orders with elegance and despatch. Favours solicited and thankfully received.

Pittsburgh, January 4, 1816.

N. B. Wanted, Two Journeymen, one acquainted with the Turning of Metal, to whom good wages will be given—also, as Apprentices, Two Boys, from 14 to 16 years of age.

Two Frame Buildings for Sale.

WILL be Sold on the 8th day of February next, in Second between Market and Wood Street, *TWO FRAME BUILDINGS*, one about 16 feet and an half by 26 feet, two stories high, the other 19 feet and an half by 22 feet, one story and an half high. A further description would be unnecessary, as it is presumed the purchaser will examine before Sale. The Houses must be removed from off the premises on or before the first of April, at the risk of the purchaser, as possession of the ground must be delivered up at that time.—Terms made known on the day of Sale. Part of the estate of J. Davison, deceased.

ELIZABETH DAVISON, *Executrix.*
THOMAS WATT, *Executor.*

Pittsburgh, January 11, 1816.

N. B. Those who have demands against the estate of said J. Davidson, will please present them properly attested to Thomas Watt, and those indebted will please make immediate payment, otherwise they shall be compelled as the law directs.

EDUCATION.

MR BOARDMAN, Teacher of the Lancaster School in Market Street, professses to teach the *ENGLISH GRAMMAR* scientifically and with unusual facility, for the most part by way of lecture and interrogation. Not meeting with sufficient encouragement either to employ his time or afford a competence in the institution already established, he purposes in addition, to exert his talents in this highly important branch of Education, the study of which, although it is an admirable exercise for the mature judgment of an adult, still is susceptible of being so simplified as to be comprehended by the juvenile understanding.—From Mr. B's experience in teaching this science, he is induced to believe that the parents and friends of those entrusted to his charge, will have the gratification of realizing their livliest expectations of the pupil's progress

When the days lengthen a class of young Ladies or Misses may receive lessons either in Grammar or Geography, and their convenience will be consulted as to the hours of attendance.

January 18, 1816.

☞ PENMANSHIP is taught at the above institution on the most approved system.

(*From the Salem Gazette, Jan.* 16)

Late arrival from France.

Yesterday arrived at this port the ship Mary-Ann, Wellman, 36 days from Havre-de-Grace. To the politeness of Mr T. Proctor, passenger, we are indebted for a series of Paris papers to Dec. 5, from which we have made the translations below.

Mr Proctor states that tranquility prevailed in France (which indeed is indicated by the complexion of the papers;) that the trial of marshal Ney was still pending, and the prevailing sentiment was that he would be acquitted.

Among the contents of the papers, we find the proceedings of the 4th Dec. on marshal Ney, which are among the translations; and also the treaty of peace concluded between the Allied Powers and France, at Paris, the 20th Nov. together with a convention between France and England in regard to demands of British subjects upon the French government, and a treaty of the same date between Austria, G. Britain, Prussia, and Russia; in which they stipulate to maintain the treaty that day concluded with France; to renew and confirm the arrangements made the preceding year for the safety and tranquility of Europe, saving such modifications as have been made by the new treaty, especially in regard to Napoleon Bonaparte, for the exclusion of whose family from the supreme power in France they pledge the employment of their whole force if necessary.

On the 27th Nov. a committee of the House of Deputies waited on the King with the thanks of that body for his communication of the treaty, &c.

The Mary-ann brings despatches for our government.

(TRANSLATIONS.)

TRIAL OF MARSHAL NEY.

PARIS, Dec. 5.

Note—Marshal Ney was this morning at eight o'clock removed under a numerous escort to the Luxemburg. All the posts of this palace are occupied by the various corps of guards. The garden is not to be opened till after the trial. Thirty witnesses on one side and the other are still to be examined. The process will be conducted in public, daily, from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. and will probably end to morrow, se'nnight.

HOUSE OF PEERS.

Audience of Dec. 5.

At first the defendants and counsel of the accused produced a memoir, in which they ask in his favor the capitulation of July 3, and the treaty of Nov. 10, which promised oblivion of the past, and no scrutiny of the conduct of any one in military or civil employment. The next important evidence was M. the general count of Bourmont, who stated that he had already made desposition at Lille, but the sympathy for heroes in misfortune induced him to reply to the interrogatory; he since knew that M. Ney, stated that he approved his proclamation.—This, touching his honour demanded a more minute explanation; if it should fall heavy on the accused, it is his own fault.

March 14, Baron Capel told me (said he) that several regiments had proved false to their oaths. We were with the marshal, & said that the arrival of Bonaparte was calculated to verthrow all combinations. We separated and I presently returned to him alone. He said to me, ah! my dear general, you have seen Bonaparte's proclamations, what a rap! things go badly, my dear general. How shall we fight? the troops are scattered by regiments all over France. General Lecourbe entered. Said the Marshal, I am glad to see you; I was telling the Count de B. that all the troops are disposed in such manner as to come over to the Emperor; the King ought to have quitted Paris, and embarked. Now, what we have to do is to rejoin Bonaparte. By no means, answered General Lecourbe, I have no reason for rallying round that scoundrel, the King has never done me wrong, but *he*, nothing else; besides I have a sense of honor, added General Lecourbe. So have I, said the Marshal, and on that account I wish to rejoin Bonaparte; I will have no more humiliation; I will no longer behold my wife returning every day with tears in her eyes at the insults that are heaped upon her. You General Lecourbe, have had reason to complain of the Emperor, but I am sure he will treat you wonderfully.

After half an hour of conversation, he took up a writing (the famous proclamation) and said, This is to be read to the troops. We tried to dissuade him by all possible means; but, reflecting that, not wishing to quit him yet, we ought not to oppose him so violently, we repaired to the place where he was to speak to the troops. The superior officers came to us and said, This gives you pain as well as us. A quarter of an hour after reading the proclamation, M. Ney had *"un crachat a l'aigle."*

The last allegation was stiffly denied by the accused, who maintained that he preserved the decorations of the king, when going to join Bonaparte at Auxerre. He also contended with the same constancy that, far from dissuading him from reading the proclamation, M. de Bourmont formally approved it.

A spirited debate took place between the accused, his counsel and the witness, on the latter's repairing to the square, hearing the proclamation read, assisting at the banquet that succeeded, marching the troops by orders which he acknowledges to have emanated from the minister of war, and which he seemed willing to impute to the Marshal. M. de Bourmont explained his motives. The accused observed that he had got on his in advance.

The other depositions presented but little interesting, and after six hours sitting the Audience adjourned to next morning.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—A considerable number of Prussian troops are evacuating France, and directing their course to the frontiers; the greater part to return into Prussia, particularly those which were at Nancy, and a part of those which were at Laon and the environs of Valenciennes. Soissons and Chalons-sur-Main are now without garrisons of foreigners.

The duke of Angouleme is travelling through the kingdom to do away prejudices which have been excited against him, and to assure the Protestants of his majesty's intention of tolerating their worship. In a conversation with the President of the Consistory at Nismes, he said, smiling, " Notwithstanding the prepossessions maintained against me, I am surely a good Catholic, though I shall never forget that the most illustrious of my ancestors was a Protestant.

The Empress of Russia quitted Berlin, the 20th Nov. to return to Petersburgh. The Emperor entered Warsaw the 12th, amidst shouts of long live Alexander our king!

Brussels, Nov. 28.—Marshal Blucher has at last returned to the dominions of the king his master. Passing through Belgium he revisited the place at Ligny, where he was thrown from his horse, and lay among the dead during the passage and precipitate retreat of a part of the French army. After remaining there some time conversing with his aids, he generously rewarded a sutler who assisted him when he was found in that critical situation.

Several regiments of militia, sent to Ireland during the late disturbances, have returned to England.

From the N. York Advertiser, Jan. 18.

Late and important from France,—Arrived this morning the brig *Tom Hazard*, Capt. Sutherland, in 37 days from Nantz. By an intelligent passenger, we learn, that two days before the brig sailed, the following information from Paris was received at Nantz:—That four French generals went to the prison in which Marshal NEY was confined, and presented to the governor of the Prison, an order in the name of Louis the XVIII. for the immediate release of the Marshal. The governor suspecting the order to have been forged, introduced the generals into one of the rooms of the prison, and despatched a messenger to the King to announce the circumstance, and ascertain whether it was his Majesty's pleasure that the Marshal should be set at liberty. The King pronounced the order, which had been presented to the governor of the prison, a forgery, and issued an order for the imprisonment of the four generals. His Majesty also ordered 50,000 troops into Paris to guard against an apprehended insurrection. The whole number of allied troops then in Paris, it was said, amounted to about 16,000.

FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Mr. Scull,

I am exceedingly pleased to find that a law has been proposed and is now under consideration in our state legislature, for incorporating the City of Pittsburgh. Nothing can be more desirable to the inhabitants of this place, than such a law, provided it can be procured without any essential defects in its details. So predominant is this opinion among our citizens, and so evident the necessity of a new system of police and judiciary, that I am confident there would not be a dissenting voice to any act of incorporation which in its leading features, should seem well adapted to its objects. The act lately read in the senate of this state, has been circulated in pamphlets, and is properly before the public for their examination. Having bestowed some attention on its general provisions, I beg leave to submit a few remarks on that part which vests in the Governor the appointment of the Recorder and Aldermen; and also restricts the choice of Mayor, to the Aldermen thus appointed. In my opinion, the choice of these officers should be left to the city councils, or to the inhabitants collectively, who are immediately and almost exclusively interested. This opinion is not founded in any implicit confidence in the wisdom of the people, but in the fitness of things; in what I esteem a due regard to local and particular rights, according to the soundest political principles and the most prevailing republican maxims.—Even keeping out of view the probable abuses of the power of appointment by the Governor, even admitting what reason and experience equally contradict, that he would for a long succession of ages, and without exception appoint the most suitable persons, I think I may still challenge the ingenuity of man to offer a reason, why the Governor, to our entire exclusion, should be invested with the appointment of judges and magistrates, in whose conduct and qualifications, we alone are interested. It is the pride of the American people to acknowledge no power, which does not originally emanate from themselves: and it is equally their boast, that in the distribution of power it is never confided except to those for whose peculiar benefit it is to be exercised, or to agents of their appointment.

Examine the settled maxims of free and elective governments, test them by the practical principles of the American confederate constitution, and see whether the result of your examination will not be a clear conviction, of the justness and necessity of the foregoing rule.—What feature is there more prominent in our federal government, than the distinction it makes between local and general rights? Could we boast of the elective franchise and equal representation in their purity, while sections and districts were obliged to receive their peculiar magistrates and officers from the general head? Suppose a proposition were made to invest the President of the United States, with the appointment of our Governor and Supreme Judges, and the reason given were, that we should be freed from the trouble and expence of elections, and could depend upon him to select the most suitable persons to fill those important stations; should we not most promptly reply—" Whether such confidence could be safely reposed in the President, we do not even deliberate or consider: it suffices to say, that we are very properly left to manage our own local and internal concerns; while the President, as the national executive, is expected to attend to the general interest and foreign affairs." The power of the Governor to appoint Mayors of cities, Judges and Sheriffs of counties, however it may have been acquiesced in, is as much a departure from genuine republicanism, as would be that of the President to appoint our Governor and Supreme Judges. The advocates for such a power should consider whether they are not misled by confounding wisdom and example as convertible, and inseparable: they should reflect that example may blind our eyes, and reconcile us to gross absurdities; but can never transform folly into reason, or convert usurpation into right. That my opinion on the subject of the appointment of local officers, is not singular, I can further shew by pertinent constitutional regulations in different states. In many of the states, the Sheriffs are actually appointed by the freemen of their respective counties, in the same manner as members of Congress are chosen by districts. In several American cities, the Mayor and Aldermen are chosen by the citizens collectively. In many states, where it lies with the inferior branch of the legislature to appoint all officers, they are previously nominated by the county delegation, and this nomination always prevails, unless special and sufficient reasons are offered for rejecting it. But why search for precedents? why seek foreign support, for a principle so intrinsically strong, so internally evident? In the very law under consideration, we see a homage undesignedly paid to the sacred right for which we are contending. The common and select councils are to be chosen by the freemen of Pittsburgh, and from the Aldermen appointed by the Governor, these councils conjointly choose the Mayor. Can it escape the notice of the most blind and stupid, that this concession, ungracious as it is, was designed as a compromise, to reconcile us to the usurpation of more important privileges? The freemen are to choose the councils—the councils are two cumbrous bodies, composed of no less than twenty six members. For this distribution of the power of appointment, the mind is not long at a loss to account. To the office and dignity of councilman, no loaves and fishes attach—it is an office of trust and trouble, but not of profit and emolument; the right therefore of appointing to such a post, would be at least an unthankful office, and consequently, an uncourtly favor to confer upon his excellency. Little more I think need be urged in support of our position. There is a mode of appointment which is correct; and all deviations from that, however covert, however speciously contrived, are essential defects and inconsistent with pure republicanism. We might as well vest the privilege of appointing the officers in question, in the Mayor of Philadelphia, or in the Governor or Mayor of New York, as in the Governor of Pennsylvania. Could we completely divest ourselves of the influence which example has produced in our minds, we should be shocked with a proposition to dispense with the sacred right of suffrage in favor of an individual, who can never be expected to interest himself in our affairs. We contend that the abstract and absolute right is in the people; but even if we have failed to prove that, we are confident at any rate it will not be pretended by any person, whatever his secret views and wishes, that the Governor's preference is deducible from personal right or official privilege.—There may be those who to serve the Governor or themselves, would be willing to concede him such a privilege, equally regardless of right and consequence; but they would never attempt openly to advocate it, on any other ground than that of public utility. On this ground alone, I should be willing with impartial and unprejudiced minds, to risk a decision.

If there really be any reason for investing the Governor with the appointment of our city magistrates, instead of retaining the privilege in our own hands, I invite the reader to accompany me in search of such reason in any consideration of practical utility or public advantage. Does the Governor take a deeper interest in our affairs, than we do ourselves? Is he better acquainted with the public and private worth and abilities of our citizens? Will he promote to office with a more strict regard to merit?—Will he make fewer concessions to party zeal, and individual importunity? Will he be less accessible to misrepresentation? Will he be less subject to imposition and the snares of intrigue? The answer to these questions, is too obvious to need inserting. I presume there is not a man in Pittsburgh, who would reply affirmatively to any one of them.

[*We are obliged to omit the remainder until next week.*]

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1816.

Extract of a letter from a Member of the Legislature to the Editor, dated HARRISBURGH, January 18, 1816.

" No decision has been had on the report and resolutions relative to Banks. The House, I believe, is not disposed to make the debtor Banks pay interest.—The returns of the different Banks under the law of 1814, have arrived and been laid before the House. I am proud to say, the Banks west of the mountains, particularly those of Pittsburgh, stand in such a prosperous situation; their report being equal, if not superior, to any in the state.

" A new county is proposed to be erected out of the extreme parts of Allegheny, Westmoreland, Fayette and Washington. It comprehends the township of Elizabeth and one-third of Mifflin, in Allegheny county, containing about 500 taxable inhabitants. No remonstrances are yet presented against it."

The Legislature of Massachusetts is now in Session. The venerable and patriotic CALEB STRONG, has announced his intention of retiring from the public service.

Governor STRONG, will carry into that retirement the blessings of millions, and will be followed by the ardent wishes and prayers of every good citizen, that his declining life may be as serene and happy as his public career has been preeminently useful to his country, and marked with undeviating consistency, moderation and patriotism.

THE DOGS OF WAR.

Upon a resolution to continue the taxes a sharp debate arose on Saturday in committee of the whole. It was sustained on the one side by Messrs. Randolph and M'Kee, and by Mr. Speaker Clay on the other. On this occasion Mr. Randolph was particularly lucid, eloquent and pointed. Mr. Clay, on the contrary, was confused, uneasy and disconcerted. But we notice the subject now, in order to mark the declarations of Mr. Clay on the state of affairs with Spain.

The taxes had been opposed, on the ground that we were at peace with all the world, and likely to remain so.—Mr. Clay replied to this, among other things, that our relations with Spain were by no means pacific. That the Spanish minister had lately made a peremptory and impudent demand of a portion of our territory, a demand which he could not speak of with sufficient contempt. He asked if gentlemen knew the state of our relations with the insurgents of South America, and he expressly intimated, that we might, before long, engage in warlike enterprizes, to aid in establishing their independence.

This again called up Mr. Randolph, who demanded that the committee rise, for the purpose of obtaining official information of the " high matter" referred to by the Speaker, as a reason for granting extraordinary supplies.

Mr. Speaker now rose in much confusion, and declared that he had no information upon the subject of our Spanish relations, from any of the cabinet, or any branch of the government—that he had referred to it only as a rumor. That so far as the demand of territory was concerned, the information came from the Spanish minister himself.

Mr. Randolph replied pointedly to Mr. Clay, on the ground of his introducing mere rumor into debate, as the foundation for granting supplies, &c. The committee rose.

It is not our present purpose to dispute Mr. Clay's word, but the people will do well to reflect upon his confidential connection with the cabinet, and then believe, if they can, that he would advance such views in the house, to carry a tax bill, if such views were not entertained by the government. Are the people then ripe for another war? There is not a doubt that a war with Spain, would be a war certainly with England also, if not with all the confederated powers of Europe. Are we prepared for this, after our recent narrow miraculous escape. Is such the view with which the enormous tax budget of the Secretary of the Treasury, has been emptied out upon the floor of Congress. The subject merits the fullest enquiry before the taxes are voted. We have little doubt, that however obtained, the information of Mr. Clay is not without foundation, that another war is on the executive table, and that one year will not expire before it will be the subject of secret sessions, and previous questions without number.—*Fed Rep. Jan.* 24.

The celebrated KOSKIUSKO

Those Americans who remember the days which really " tried men's souls," will not forget to inquire after the fate of a number of disinterested foreigners who aided their country in her struggle for independence. Amongst them, few rank higher in esteem than the gallant POLE, whose name is at the head of this article; and whose zeal in our cause, and services in the Engineer department of the army, will be remembered with gratitude. He was one of those foreigners to whom the illustrious WASHINGTON continued his friendship until the close of his life.

This distinguished POLE, whose sufferings and services in his native country are the theme of the historian, is now, [1816] in *Switzerland*, living in complete retirement, cultivating a small farm and enjoying the reflections of a well spent life. While on this subject we can not omit repeating the following anecdote of this Chief, as related by MISS WILLIAMS in a late " *Narrative of Events in France*" :—

" A Polish regiment, forming part of the advance guard of the Russian army, under BARCLAY DE TOLLY, (in 1814) after expelling the French from Troyes, marched upon Fontainebleau. The troops were foraging in a neighboring village, and were about to commit disorders, which would have caused considerable loss to the proprietors without benefit to themselves; such as piercing the banks or forcing the sluices of some fish ponds. When they were thus employed, and their officers looking on, they were astonished to hear the word of command, bidding them to cease, pronounced in their own language, by a person in the dress of the upper class of peasants—they ceased their attempts at further spoliation, and drew near the stranger. He represented to the troops the useless mischief they were about to commit, and ordered them to withdraw. The officers coming up were lectured in their turn, and heard with the same astonishment the laws of predatory warfare explained to them—" When I had command in the army of which your regiment is a part, I punished very severely such acts as you seem to authorize by your presence, and it is not on those soldiers, but on you that punishment would have fallen." To be thus tutored by a French farmer, in their own language, in such circumstances and in such terms, was almost past endurance. They beheld the peasants at the same time taking off their hats and surrounding the speaker, as if to protect him in case of violence; whilst the oldest amongst their own soldiers, anxiously gazing on the features of the stranger, were seized with an involuntary trembling. Conjured more peremptorily, though respectfully, to disclose his quality and his name, the peasant drawing his hand across his eye to wipe off a starting tear, exclaimed with a half stifled voice, " I am KOSKIUSKO!" The movement was electric. The soldiers threw down their arms, and falling prostrate on the ground, according to the custom of their country, covered their heads with sand. It was the prostration of the heart. On KOSKIUSKO's return to his house in the neighborhood of this scene, he found a Russian military post established to protect it. The Emperor ALEXANDER having learnt from M. de la HARPE, that KOSKIUSKO resided in the country, ordered for him a guard of honor, and the country around his dwelling escaped all plunder and contributions. KOSKIUSKO had withdrawn some years since from the guilty world of BUONAPARTE to cultivate a little farm, rejecting every offer which was made him by NAPOLEON, who had learnt to appreciate his worth. KOSKIUSKO knew him well. I called on him one day to bid him farewell, having read in the official paper of the morning his address to the Police, on the subject of recovering his freedom, being named to the command of the Polish army by Buonaparte. [illegible] me with a smile at my credulity; but on my shewing him the address with his signature, he exclaimed. " *This is all a forgery—Buonaparte knew me too well to insult me with any offer in* this predatory expedition; he has adopted this mode, which I can neither answer nor resent, and which he attempts to color with the pretext of liberty. His notions and mine respecting Poland are at as great a distance as our sentiments on every other subject."

Observations on the Weather.

Scale of Temperature. FHARENHEIT.

January 1816	Temperature at sun rise	Temperature at meredian.	Temperature at sun set.	Appearance of the weather at sun rise.	Appearance of the weather at meridian.	Appearance of the weather at sun set.
22	22	53	46	clear	clear	clear
23	29	47	43	cloudy	rain	cloudy
24	32	36	30	cloudy	cloudy	cloudy
25	20	28	30	clear	clear	clear
26	21	34	32	cloudy	cloudy	cloudy
27	36	38	32	cloudy	cloudy	cloudy
28	32	34	32	cloudy	cloudy	cloudy

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of levari facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 17th day of February next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. A certain Tract or Parcel of land, lying and being on Turtle creek, near the mouth thereof, in the county of Allegheny, adjoining lands of George Wallace's heirs, David Shaw and others, containing 480 acres, more or less, with the usual allowance. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Fritchman, with notice to Hannah Guider, and Arthur Brisbane, terre tenants, at the suits of John Perry, for the use of John Wilkins, Esq. and to be sold by

WILLIAM WOODS, Sheriff.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1816.

CHEAP CUTLERY.

The Subscriber has just opened, one entire Cask of CHEAP CUTLERY, consisting of

Double and Single bladed Penknives,

Finished and Common Barlows,

Pocket and Childrens Knives.

Which are marked, and will be sold *unusually low* for cash or approved barter.

ISAAC HARRIS.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1816.

☞ On hand, a fresh and very general assortment of GOODS, which will be sold very low for Cash or approved trade.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS the subscriber became security in a note with Francis Johnston, for the payment of upwards of Twenty Dollars, to a certain Alexander M'Kee, and as I have never received any value for the same, and Johnston has left this part of the country, I hereby forwarn all persons from taking an assignment on said note, as I will not pay it unless compelled by law.

THOMAS OSBORNE.

Pittsburgh, January 25, 1816.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

HE SCHEDIASM.——No. I.

This word, signifying *cursory writ-* *a loose sheet*, is not in Johnson, from its utility, is certainly worthy niche in all our other Dictionaries ll as Ash's, where it is to be found. Latins have their *Schediasma*, the h have their *Feuille volante*, and should not the English have their liasm to express what is written in porary way on a loose sheet of without the formality of composi- —WALKER.

> *you will your foreign taste command,*
> *for once, with what you understand.*
> ADDISON.

the numerous inventions to which enterprising spirit of civilising in- has given birth with a view to attention to the every day duties ial intercourse, that of periodical s lays claim to honorable notice.— usiness of common life is so multi- s, and the modes of transacting it various; the human character is so ated, and every one is so inde- t in the choice of methods to re- one's own concerns, that philan- y seems to enjoin a frequent expo- of private sentiment. For, as no dividuals stand precisely upon the ground, their views of things must ferent; and it is but fair play in the of human life mutually to instruct e instructed.

ere are few subjects of conversation are worth any attention but what t bear to be written; for the fluency e pen seldom equals the rapidity of al communication: whence we may ey infer, that, as there is more time deliberation, the expression upon pa- is apt to be more correct and more te than when it floats hastily upon reath between the lips. For the of this remark we might venture to al to the Spectator, the Idler, the ler, the Guardian, and the Rambler t to say a word of the Looker-on almagundi. For it is hardly likely the authors of those celebrated vo- es could talk as well as we know they te. In confirmation of this conjec- we are expressly informed that some those illustrious writers never rose, peakers, above mediocrity;—and the ing colloquial talents of a man are, aps never passed over in silence by iographer.

Addison, Hawkesworth, and Johnson names which must ever hold a dis- uished place in English literature; it is not an easy matter to persuade elf, after the entertainment which I [illegible] derive from their essays, that could converse, with the same gth and correctness as they write. se observations lead me to infer that world is vastly indebted to the inven- of those essay-vehicles which served iters to discharge the rich cargoes erflowing minds,—and lead me to ile for the support of them as inno- t means to enliven the walks of social

pe my readers will not think me as not to perceive the facility which these preliminary remarks ject me to the charge of vanity, anity of pretending to tread in the steps of my eminent precursors— *inly* attempting to bend the bow lysses. To an insinuation of this I have nothing to reply; being per- ed, that, where there is a disposi- so crooked as to turn the ingenuous iments of the heart into ridicule, no nsive altercation can *rectify* it. The ge of vanity is easily made: but I e not yet seen the advantage of rebutt- it by denial. For if the accusation well founded, the vanity which, at was nothing but a matter of conjec- becomes stablished by the vain-glo- artifice which is apt to shew itself e sequel; and if it be but imaginary, eroism of bearing the obloquy, with- retort, is the noblest triumph.

With that temper, also, which would ign the well-meaning and familiar losure of sentiments and inquiries, y *because* the disclosure is well t and familiar, I have nothing to Let the mind which vexes itself cavilling at an ingenuousness which natural to itself, writhe under the ent of its own dissatisfied selfish- If I could effect a separation be- the possessor of such a heart, and teeming sources of its unprofitable itudes, my philanthrophy would gly stretch out an arm for the pur- But as the fruitlessnes of such an t is as plain to my view as the ulty of changing the spots of the rd, I pass on, with a sigh, to my concerns.

Without suffering a hint, then, to es- concerning the expectation which or may not have formed of my own as an essayist, I leave the wise to scratch their pericraniums the first number of the Schediasm. one class of my readers it would be to make protestations of my wish lease and to instruct as the only mo- to this undertaking: these, like the adder, would not believe such pro- tions;—and to another class, the I am most solicitous to amuse and, sible, improve, it would be unne- ary to give serious assurances of the licity of my present intentions.— e will examine what they read with ness and candour: what they ap- will be their reward, and their ap- ation *mine*;—what they condemn, it is to be supposed, do them no harm, and I shall have an opportunity to review my own sentiments, and o being benefitted by their judgment.

Thus, courteous reader, the way is opened for my entrance on the stage, where I propose to act my several parts before thee, with a sober inclination to entertain, as well as may be, in every way that shall be considered compatible with the strictest regard to virtue and our own improvement. For, be assured, that in the management of the present undertaking it has not been thought requisite to *widen* our researches beyond the scope of rigid propriety. Our *fare* may appear coarse to voluptuous tastes; but it ought to be borne in mind that diseased palates require not dainties, but medicine, to restore a relish for common food.

S.

TO BE RENTED,

And possession given the first of April next.

A LARGE Two Story Brick HOUSE, well finished, situated on the corner of Front and Ferry Streets, now occupied by Mrs. Hamsher. For terms apply to

ROBERT SIMPSON.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1816.

FOUND,

ON the 25th instant, by the subscriber, near his residence in Penn Street, a small sum of MONEY, which the owner can have by paying for this advertisement.

JAMES R BUTLER.

Pittsburgh, January 27, 1816.

Information Wanted

OF a certain WILLIAM EDEN, who left Pittsburgh, in March 1810. Had with him when he went away, a double Knapsack, in which was his clothes, books and some letters, in most of his books his name was written,—he had also a judgment bond drawn on Sam. Talbutt, for 190 dollars. His aged father, in Europe, earnestly wishes to know where he now is, or whether he is living or dead. Any information respecting him will be thankfully received by JAMES CHADWICK, near Pittsburgh, or at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

February 1, 1816.

☞ Printers will do an act of benevolence by inserting the above a few times in their papers.

Greensburgh and Pittsburgh
TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE President, Managers and Company have directed the 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th Instalments, of 10 per cent each, on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer, in manner following, viz:—the 7th on or before the 6th of March; the 8th on or before the 6th of May; the 9th on or before the 6th of July; and the 10th and last on or before the 6th of September next—of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WILLIAM FREIDT, *Treasurer*.

3d February, 1816. 6m

The above Instalments, if paid within 60 days after the time appointed respectively, will be received by Messrs. Luckey, Stewart, and Morrow. Instalments in arrear will be received either by William B. Foster, Esq. or by the Treasurer, until the 6th of March next—after that date, suits will be brought against all delinquents indiscriminately.

W. F.

PISTOLS & BUFFALOE ROBES.

100 pair Holster and Pocket PISTOLS
100 BUFFALOE ROBES,
FOR SALE, BY ALLEN & GRANT.
Pittsburgh, February 3, 1816.

Seasoned Pine Boards,
FOR SALE.

A QUANTITY first quality Seasoned PINE BOARDS, WALNUT SCANTLING, suitable for hand-rails, WHITE OAK and PINE LOGS, STUDDING, &c. &c.

Apply to HENRY HOLDSHIP.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1816.

N. B. A good BULK WINDOW, complete. Apply as above.

TO BE RENTED

THE second and third Stories, in the House corner of the Diamond and Market Street, belonging to the estate of William Irwin, deceased, together with an excellent Kitchen.—For terms apply to.

SARAH IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1816.

Taken up a Horse, about 7

years old, and 17 hands high. He is left at Robert M'Corkle's, on the Turnpike road near Pittsburgh. The owner can have him again by applying as above, proving property, and paying charges.

JAMES BLASHFORD.

January 31, 1816.

NEW GOODS
BY THE
Piece or Package.
BRAINARD, SELDEN, & Co.
Have received, directly from New York,
70 packages of Dry Goods,

COMPRISING a very extensive assortment of English and French Goods, which they offer for Sale upon the most accommodating terms, at the Store lately occupied by Messrs. BEAN & BUTLER, in Front between Wood and Market Streets.

Merchants wishing to replenish their Stores, will find it an object to call.

Pittsburgh, January 26, 1816. 7t

S. & J THOMPSON
MERCHANT TAYLORS,

SOUTH EAST END OF MARKET STREET,
PITTSBURGH,

HAVE just received a large supply of SUPERFINE CLOTHS, CASSIMERS and VESTINGS, of almost every colour and quality, which they will sell on reasonable terms.—They have now a number of excellent workmen, and are enabled to assure those who may favor them with orders, that they shall be filled at a short notice, and always in the newest fashions:—They also have military trimmings.

SAMUEL THOMPSON, is sorry he is again compelled to invite those having accounts to settle on his old books, to come forward and either pay them or give their notes. He has all their accounts made out and ready for settlement.

October 11, 1815. tfq.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER
Has removed his OFFICE to the North East corner of the Diamond, in the Room where Capt. H. Johnston lately kept Store.

Writings of every Description

neatly drawn on the usual terms, &c.

JAMES M. RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1816.

A young Woman wishes a si-

tuation in a genteel family to take care of children, or to assist in house work Enquire of the Printer. January 24, 1816.

Six Out-Lots for Sale.

THESE LOTS are situated on Grant's Hill, adjoining Adamson Tannehill, Esq. The intrinsic beauty of these Lots, their contiguity to Pittsburgh, the elegant and commanding view which they afford of the town, the surrounding country, and the Monongahela, Allegheny and Ohio rivers, sufficiently recommend them. For terms apply to

JOHN M'DONALD,
Smithfield Street.

Pittsburgh, January 24, 1816.

FOR SALE.

ONE undivided third part of YOUGH PAPER MILL, with 300 Acres of Wood Land, near Connell'sville, Fayette County, Pennsylvania. The Mill has two Vatts and Engines, and all in complete order. The credit of this Mill is so well known, that it is not thought necessary to say any thing on that subject. This property will be sold low for good payments. Any person wishing to purchase will have a good bargain by applying to the subscriber at the Mill.

JOSEPH ROGERS.

January 15, 1816. 2m

TO RENT,

And possession given the first of April next.

A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, situated on Water Street, between Market and Wood Streets, now in the occupancy of Messrs. Alexander & Heslip, Dry Good Merchants.

For terms apply to,

NEAL & MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, January 24, 1816.

Ormsby & Doane,
HAVE FOR SALE,
200bbls. Kenhawa Salt

4bbls Loaf Sugar
Brandy, first quality
Rolled and Barr Iron (Juniata)
4, 6, 8, and 10 Nails
Nail Rods, Stoves
Castings, Tacks
Glass, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, January 26, 1816.

FLAX WANTED.

WANTED by the subscribers, thirty or forty TONS OF GOOD SCUTCHED OR SWINGLED FLAX, for which the highest price will be given in Cash, at the *Western Flax Spinning and Linen Manufactory*, on the Turnpike Road leading from Pittsburgh to Greensburgh, one quarter of a mile from the Mansion House of John Woods, Esq.; at *Matthew Stewart's* Nail Manufactory, north end of Market Street, and at *John Reed's*, four mile Ferry, on the Allegheny.

STEWART & REED.

July 4, 1815. tf.

FOR SALE.

A LARGE THREE STORY BRICK WAREHOUSE, situate in Wood between Front and Water Streets, adjoining Allen & Grant's Store. J. P. & J. W SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, August 11, 1815. tf.

Fulling and Cloth Dressing.

GEORGE COCHRAN respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to carry on the above business extensively, and solicits a share of public patronage. Cloth will be received at his store west side of the Public Square, and returned in a shorter time than at any other place in the Western Country. He flatters himself that his prices and the quality of the work will give satisfaction to those who please to favor him with their custom.

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

FOR SALE,
A valuable Tract of Land,

CONTAINING 237 acres, situate in Plumb township, Allegheny county, one mile north of Cavet's mill, the property of John M'Grew, of Adams county. There are several cabins on the premises, about 80 acres cleared, 5 or 6 sugar camps, and upwards of 80 acres of first rate bottom. This farm is not more than 15 miles from Pittsburgh. An indisputable title will be given, and payments made easy. For particulars apply to THOMAS BRACKEN, Pittsburgh, or to SIMON M'GREW, North Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania.

June 23, 1815.

WANTED,

A GIRL to do the work of a small family.—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per week will be paid to one that can come well recommended. Enquire of W SKELTON, Druggist, Wood Street.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 1, 1815.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have entered into partnership, under the firm of

Hamilton and Witherill,

They have opened a RECTIFYING DISTILLERY, and WHOLESALE and RETAIL

LIQUOR STORE,

In Front, between Market and Wood streets, nearly opposite Bean and Butler's warehouse where they intend keeping constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of Brandy, Gin, Spirits, Wines, and Cordials, all of which they will sell at moderate prices for cash or approved country produce.

JESSE HAMILTON,
Wm. H. WITHERILL.

Pittsburgh, October 28, 1815.

N. B. They wish to purchase a quantity of WHISKEY, for which they will pay the cash.

Real Estate for Sale.

Three Lots of Ground on Wood

and Fifth Streets, as follows:—

ONE Lot on the corner of Wood and Fifth Streets, containing 40 feet in Front on Wood Street by 60 feet front on Fifth Street.

One Lot, adjoining the above, 20 feet front on Fifth Street by 50 feet deep, on which is erected a well finished Frame House, two stories high, 20 feet front on Fifth Street by 24 feet deep, with a commodious Kitchen adjoining.

One Lot adjoining George Morrow's Brick House, 30 feet front on Fifth Street by 50 feet deep.

For the accommodation of these Lots there is laid off a 10 feet alley, running between the two last mentioned Lots, from Fifth Street to Diamond Alley.

The above property will be Sold at Auction on the 13th of February next, unless previously Sold at Private Sale. Terms of Sale made known by applying to.

JEREMIAH STURGEON.

Pittsburgh. January 23, 1816.

Irish Woolen Stockings.

THE subscriber has received a nice assortment of WOOLEN STOCKINGS, suitable for the present season, which he offers to his friends and the public, wholesale or retail, on moderate terms for Cash, or negociable Notes.

WILLIAM TAIT, *Saddler*.

Pittsburgh, January 17, 1816.

EDUCATION.

A GENTLEMAN, who has been employed as a Teacher of an English School for many years past, and whose reputation in that capacity is well established, purposes opening a School in Pittsburgh about the first of April next, provided he meets with such encouragements as would warrant him in relinquishing his present situation.

Persons disposed to encourage the proposed School may learn further particulars by calling on JAMES M. RIDDLE, Esq. in Third Street, who will state the terms, &c. and give references to respectable Citizens of the Borough of Pittsburgh, who are well acquainted with the method and success in teaching, and also the personal character and reputation of the person alluded to. January 16, 1816.

NOTICE.

ALL persons concerned will please to take notice, that I claim, in right of my wife, an undivided ninth part of a Tract of Land in Pitt township, adjoining the Bullock Pens, Dunning M'Nair, William Wilkins, and others, called the Bull Pens, containing 180 acres or thereabouts, and which is now advertised for sale by William Wallace and William Peebles. Persons inclined to purchase will please take notice of this claim.

DAVID M'NAIR.

January 13, 1816.

BEAN & BUTLER,

Have just received and offer for Sale,

English Blistered Steel,

American Do. Do. manufactured from Swedish Iron
A few Faggots CROWLY STEEL
A few Barrels prime New Orleans SUGAR
800 Barrels SALT
Spanish Flotant INDIGO.
Pittsburgh, Dec. 28, 1815.

To Let on Perpetual Lease,

NINE or TEN ACRES of GROUND, on the Monongahela River, one mile from Pittsburgh. Any person wishing to Lease it, may know the terms by making immediate application to the subscriber.

JOHN IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 27, 1815. tf

White and Red Lead.

A CONSTANT supply of WHITE LEAD, Dry and Ground in Oil, *warranted* of the best quality, can always be had at STEVENSON'S Manufactory, and at the Drug and Paint Warehouse of AVERY & STEVENSON. The character of this Lead is perfectly established, and shall not decline.

J. S. STEVENSON also Manufactures RED LEAD, a supply of which can always be had as above.

TO LET,
A Store completely shelved,

with a large and convenient Counting Room and good Cellar, situate on the north west side of the Diamond, lately in the occupancy of Messrs. C. Pentland & Co.

Also, a large Frame Building, situate on Diamond Alley. It would answer well for a Livery Stable or Ware House. Apply to A. HILL, or to WILLIAM HILL, S. E. Corner of Market and Fourth Streets.

Pittsburgh, January 19, 1816.

R. Patterson's
Wholesale and Retail
BOOK AND STATIONARY
STORE,
AND PAPER WAREHOUSE,

Fourth, near Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
Dec. 8, 1815.

☞SPECIAL NOTICE.☜

THE subscriber requests all who stand indebted by bond, note or book account, (no matter how large or small the sum) to call and settle the same before the first of March next. After which time all balances due, without favour or distinction, will be lodged in the hands of competent officers for collection.

Those to whom I stand indebted, or who have accounts remaining unsettled, are requested to call for settlement. Particular attention is *solicited*.

ISAAC HARRIS.

Pittsburgh, January 10, 1816.

N. B. For the accommodation of those who are willing but cannot pay in current money, Country Produce or Barter will be accepted at fair prices. Those who can pay but will not, must be made to pay.

NOTICE.

THE Members of the EAGLE FIRE COMPANY are informed, that their ENGINE HOUSE has been removed to the Lot below the Office of Discount and Deposit, adjoining that House in Second Street.

WILLIAM EICHBAUM, } *Committee.*
A. ERNEST, }

Pittsburgh, January 13, 1816.

TO RENT.
The Corner House opposite

the WESTERN HOTEL, Wood Street. Enquire of ROBERT CUNLIFFE, next door to said House. Pittsburgh, January 16, 1816.

For Sale or Rent.

A LARGE Two Story BRICK HOUSE and LOT adjoining for a Garden, now occupied by the Subscriber—also, a small Frame House in Diamond Alley, which is occupied by Mrs. Dunning; and two or three comfortable Houses in and near the Village of Lawrenceville. Possession will be given on the first of April next, by

WILLIAM B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, January 10, 1816. tf

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87 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco

100 Bags Prime Green Coffee
40 Boxes Tin Plates
10 Barrels Pepper
10 do. Rice
7 do. Saltpetre
100 do. Salt
6 do. Allum
50 Boxes Brimstone
20 do. Shoes
6 Chests Hyson Skin Tea
10 Bags Feathers
Sheet Iron
Double Glazed Gunpowder, Shot
Segars *in boxes*, &c. &c. &c.

FOR SALE BY
ALLEN & GRANT.

January 1816.

STRAYS.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber living in Ross Township, opposite Davis's Ferry, Pittsburgh, a bright bay MARE, 8 years old, has a snip and ratch, three white feet, and the letter M on the nigh shoulder—has been here about three months.

Also, a Muhle COW, about 10 years old, dark brown colour, white face. The owner or owners is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

ALEXANDER ROBINSON.

January 3, 1816.

Information Wanted

OF a certain SAMUEL THORNE, late of Crofton, near Wakefield in Yorkshire, England. He sailed from Liverpool, on the 9th of August last, in the ship Factor, for Philadelphia, and arrived there on the 17th of September. It is supposed he left Philadelphia for Pittsburgh about the 25th of September.—His wife with three children, have arrived at Philadelphia in the Helvetius, and earnestly wish to learn where he now is. His family are at present residing at No. 114, Water Street, between Arch and Race Streets, Philadelphia. Any information respecting said Thorne, will be thankfully received by his family as above, or by Nicholas Cunningham & Co. Merchants, Pittsburgh,

December 23d, 1815.

Scutching Tow.

THE Subscriber, Agent for the Pittsburgh Steam Paper Mill, situate half a mile out of Town, between the new Turnpike Road and the Allegheny River, will give for good clean Scutching Tow, per pound, viz—for any quantity delivered to GEORGE HIRST, foreman at the Mill, *Three Cents in Money*, and for any quantity delivered at the Bookstore, in Fourth Street, *Two and an Half Cents in Money*, or *Three* in Books and Paper.

When the Tow is much mixed with shows or dirt, little or nothing will be given for it.

It is requested that those who bring in Tow, in consequence of this advertisement, would be particularly attentive to the conditions.

R. PATTERSON.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

M'Donnell, Brown & Co.

is this day dissolved by consent.

JOHN M'DONNELL,
WILLIAM BROWN,
JAMES EKIN.

Pittsburgh, 1st January, 1816.

The business in future will be conducted under the Firm of

M'DONNELL & EKIN

To whom all persons indebted to the late firm will please make immediate payment, and those having accounts against the same will present them for settlement to the subscribers, who hope for a continuance of public patronage.

JOHN M'DONNELL.
JAMES EKIN.

O'BRIEN & DYOTT,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,

WEST SIDE OF THE DIAMOND,
PITTSBURGH,

Have received from their connections in New-York and Philadelphia, additional supplies of

Fresh Drugs,
Chemicals,
Medicines,
Perfumery,
Vials,
Paints,
Oil,
Dye Stuffs,
Camels hair Pencils
Reeve's & Welles water colours, &c,

with an extensive variety of other articles in their line, all of which are warranted to be of the most approved and genuine qualities.

Physians, Country Merchants, and others, who deal in Drugs and Medicines, or any of the above Articles, can be supplied at the lowest Philadelphia prices.

Families in Town and in the Country can be furnished with superior Medicines of every description, on the cheapest terms.

All orders thankfully received, and attended to with care and promptitude.

Pittsburgh, July 22, 1815. 1yeop.

FOR SALE.

The Subscriber offers for Sale the following PROPERTY, viz:—

A Lease of Ground,

SITUATE on Wood Street, between Front and Water Streets, 80 feet front by 60 feet deep, on which is erected *FIVE STORE ROOMS*, subject to a yearly rent of 700 dolls. Four of said Store Rooms are now rented at 250 dollars per annum, each; to the fifth, now occupied by the subscriber, situate on the corner, there is a Dwelling House attached—The terms will be made easy. The property will be sold either separate or together, as may best suit purchasers Apply to the subscriber on the premises.

SAMUEL SMITH.

Pittsburgh, January 4, 1816.

Messrs. Bosler & Co.

Have just received from Lee's Patent *and* Family Medicine Store, *New-York,*

A FRESH SUPPLY OF THE FOLLOWING

GENUINE MEDICINES.

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers, is recommended

Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills.

THIS MEDICINE has been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings, in several parts of the West Indies, and the Southern and Middle States, particularly in New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Petersburgh, Norfolk, Edenton, Wilmington, Charleston and Savannah. The testimony of a number of persons in each of the above places can be adduced, who have reason to believe, that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under Providence, preserved their lives, when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak more in favor of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy, founded on mere assertion

It is not indeed, presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventors has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience, for believing that a dose of these Pills, taken once in every two weeks, during the prevalence of our bilious fevers will prove an infallible preventative; and further, that in the earliest stages of those diseases, their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these Pills is perfectly mild so as to be used by persons in every situation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions; to restore and amend the appetite; to produce a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habital costiveness, sickness at the stomach, and severe head-ache, & ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

HAMILTON'S

Worm Destroying Lozenges.

Which have cured an immense number of persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions of foulness in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar titles so commonly complained of, as operating with violence; on the contrary a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels, of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many fatal disorders. The Lozenges are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humours and eruptions, feverish and bilious complaints, and are the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasion.

DESCRIPTION OF WORMS,

And the symptoms by which they are known:

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz—The Teres, or large round worm: the Ascarides, or small maw-worm; the Cucurbitina, or short, flat, white worm; and lastly, the Tænia, or tape worm, so called from its resemblance to tape. This is often many yards long, and is full of joints. It is most hurtful and difficult to remove.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are a disagreeable breath, especially in the morning; bad and corrupted gums; itching in the nose; convulsions; epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech; starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep; irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious; purging, with slimy and fœtid stools; vomiting; large and hard belly; pains and sickness at the stomach; pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits; slow fever, with small and irregular pulse; a dry cough; excessive thirst, sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms, should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectually prevent "the vomiting and purging of children"—a dreadful disorder, which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens.—It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known; and has restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative.

The proprietors of HAMILTON'S RESTORATIVE DROPS confidently recommends it as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of

Nervous Disorders
Consumptions
Lowness of Spirits
Loss of Appetite
Impurity of Blood
Hysterical Affections
Inward Weaknesses
Violent Cramps in the stomach and back
Indigestion
Melancholy
Gout in the stomach
Pains in the Limbs
Relaxations, &c

The principal operation of this medicine is in the stomach, restoring the digestive power, and sending from that organ new health and vigor into every part of the system; it enriches and purifies the blood without stimulating, too violently, the nervous system; strengthens the secretory vessels and general habits, brings back the muscular fibres to their natural and healthy tone, and restores that nutrition which immoderate evacuations have destroyed, and whose loss had thrown the whole frame into languor and debility.

The restorative is absolutely above all commendation in removing those weaknesses and infirmities with which many females are afflicted, the consequences of difficult and painful labours, or of injudicious treatment therein.

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease have brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair, Perseverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

The Grand Restorative is prepared in Pills, as well as in fluid form, which assists considerably in producing a gradual and lasting effect

HAMILTON'S
ESSENCE & EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for Rheumatisms, Gout, Palsy, Sprains and Bruises, White Swellings, old Strains and Relaxations, Numbness and Weaknesses of the Neck, Pains of the Side, Headache, Swelled Faces, Frozen Limbs, and every similar complaint. It prevents Chilblains or Chopped Hands, and the ill effects of getting wet or damp in the feet.

THE GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals, (the basis of other Lotions) and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetters, ringworms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c. The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding the natural, insensible perspiration, which is essential to health, yet its effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and smooth, and improving the complexion

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,
For the Teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and foulness, which, suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

HAMILTON'S
ELIXIR FOR COUGHS.

Celebrated for the cure of colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, and approaching consumptions, and a certain remedy for the whooping cough,

HAHN'S
GENUINE EYE WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

ITCH CURED
LEE'S SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

LEE'S
INFALLIBLE
AGUE & FEVER DROPS.
For the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent Eevers.

HAHN'S
True & Genuine German Corn Plaister.

☞ At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of this advertisement.

SOLD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BY

BOSLER & CO.

Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh.

☞ *Druggists and Country Storekeepers, will be treated with on liberal terms.*

Sept. 16, 1815. eoptiqcB&Co.*

John & Robert Griffith,

FROM THE STAFFORDSHIRE POTTERIES ENGLAND.

(LAST FROM NEW-JERSEY.)

Having commenced the Manufacturing OF

EARTHEN WARE.

AT this place, take the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they can be supplied with the following articles, warranted to be equal to any of the kind imported.

Black and Brown glazed Coffee POTS,

Teapots, Jugs, Sugar Dishes, Milkpots, &c. ALL ORDERS in their line, addressed to any of the principal COMMISSION MERCHANTS in the place will be thankfully received and promptly executed

Birmingham, near Pittsburgh,
July 6, 1815.

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY.

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTEULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have removed their HAT STORE, to Third street, in front of the Hay Scales, between Market and Wood streets, where they offer for Sale, a large and elegant assortment of Beaver, Castor, & Roram HATS. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with the custom, to their entire satisfaction

*** Orders will be received at the Warehouse of Sutton and M'Nickle, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*

Pittsburgh, April 29, 1814.

tf

Public Bathing House.

THE Proprietors of THE PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL BATHING HOUSE, hereby inform the Public, that the capacity of the water reservoirs for that establishment is doubled, and so arranged that the cold and warm water are perfectly seperated. The public will not in future meet with the disappointments consequent on the former arrangement.

The cost of this establishment, has been considerable, and the Proprietors are sorry to say the proceeds arising from it are not sufficient to warrant the opening of it another season under the present limited patronage. It is however hoped that the new arrangement alluded to, together with a more extended knowledge of the great benefit arising from the use of Baths, in such a place as this, will in a short time, produce a more liberal encouragement.

The price of BATHING is 25 Cents. The House will be open from 5 in the morning till 10 at night,

July 15, 1815.

FRESH GOODS.

ROBERT GETTY,

HAS just received and is now opening at his Store, corner of Diamond & Market Street, an extensive and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, and Hardware.

Purchased since the late fall of Goods and will be sold unusually low.

Nov. 25, 1815.

NEW GOODS.

A. BARKER & JOHN D. DAVIS, *Having entered into partnership under the firm of*

BARKER & DAVIS,

HAVE Received and are now opening at their Wholesale and Retail Store, in Market Street, next door to the corner of Fourth Street, a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING:

WOOD'S best London Superfine Blue, Black, Bottle Green, Drab, Claret, Olive and Brown BROAD CLOTHS,
Fine and coarse Broad Cloths assorted colours
Blue, Black, Bottle Green and Olive Pelisse Cloths
Fine and coarse Coatings and Moleskins
Cassimers, Cassinets and Elastic Cords
Flannels, Baizes, and Blue and Mixed Plains
Ribbed and plain Stockinetts assorted colours
Olive, Black and Slate color Velvets and Cords
Swansdown, Toilinett and Silk Stripe Vestings
Rose, Point and Duffield Blankets
Bombazetts, Bombazene and Rattinetts assorted
Super dressed and undressed Prints
Low priced Calicoes of all descriptions
Super dressed furniture Chintzes
Cambric and super Ginghams
4-4 and 5-4 Irish Linens, and 6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 Diaper
Dimities, Long Cloths and British Shirtings
Blue and White India and Domestic Muslins
Blue, Black, Pink, Yellow and Green Cambrick Do.
4-4, 9-8 and 6-4 dressed and undressed Cambrick Do.
Plain and figured Jaconet and Mull Do.
Do do. Leno and Oook Do.
Spidernett, Corded Lappet and striped Do.
Laloc, Pink, Blue and Buff fancy Do.
Super Cluster, Seeded and Lace Muslins
Do. fancy Muslin Handkerchiefs figured and plain
Demi and Linen Cambricks
Pampalona Silk Checks and Silk and Cotton Ginghams
Levantine and Florence Silks assorted colors
Florentine and Silk Velvet Vestings
Ladies Black, White and lead color Silk Hose
Levantine Damask and serged Silk Shawls
6-4 and 7-4 Merino, Silk and Cotton Shawls
Fancy and black Silk Handkerchiefs & Shawls
Embroidered Lace Capes and Handk'fs
White and black Silk Gauze figured and plain
Black, Blue, Pink, Laloc and White Crapes
Cashmere and Chintz Shawls from 4-4 to 8-4
Imitation and Rich Mosair Do.
Scarlet, Blue and Flag Bandanah Handk'fs
Real and Mock Madrass Do.
Fancy Pocket and Children's Do.
Mens and Womens Worsted & Cotton Hosiery
Mens assorted Lamb's Wool Hose and 1-2 Hose
Ladies Silk, York Tann'd and Kid Gloves
Gentlemens best Beaver, Silk and Kid Do.
Do. Buckskin and Woolen Do.
Ladies extra long Kid Gloves
Italian and English Sewing Silk and Twist
Patent and Common Suspenders
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas and Hat Covers
Ladies and Gentlemens Riding Whips
Fine and Common Plaids Stripes & Chambrays
4-4 and 3-4 Cotton Checks and Domestic Shirtings
Bed Ticking and Domestic Ginghams
Real Tortoise Shell and Common back & side Combs
Best English Cotton Balls & Nuns Thread
Black & coloured Galloons and Bindings
Edged and Plain Satten and Mantua Ribbands
Black and White Silk and Cotton Laces
Ladies Black and White Feathers
Silk and Cotton Cords and embroidered Trimmings
White and coloured Fringes, &c.
With a variety of other fancy articles
Ladies Morocco, Kid and Leather Shoes
Mens and boys fine and coarse Do.
Misses and Childrens Shoes and Bootees.

Hardware.

A general assortment of HARDWARE.

Queensware.

Gold, Silver and Steel Luster Ware
Plates, Cups and Saucers and Tea Pots
Tureens, Sallads, and large and small Dishes
Bowls, Pitchers, Creams, Sugars, &c.

Groceries.

10 Barrels 1st and 2d quality Coffee
No. 1 and 3 Chocolate, 1 cask Spanish Whiting
A few barrels Loaf and Lump Sugar, in Coffee
Cavendish Tobacco and Powder by the Keg
Refined Salt Petre, Virdgrise and Camphor, and other Groceries, &c.

The above, with a variety of other Merchandize, are offered WHOLESALE & RETAIL, at a small advance for Cash or Country Produce

ABNER BARKER.
JOHN D. DAVIS.

Nov. 9, 1815 tfq*¶S

Citizens of Pittsburgh,

AND

Customers of the Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

THE proprietors of the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, inform the public that they have on hand a good supply of Wheat and a large quantity of Corn, and therefore expect to furnish during the season, on reasonable terms, FRESH FLOUR, and boulted CORN MEAL, of a superior quality.

WHEAT, RYE and CORN, purchased and the highest prices given.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1815.

Real Estate for Sale.

THE whole of the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by Mr. William Morrow, Sign of the Green Tree, on the corner of Fourth and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh. The House is large, and is well calculated for both Store and Tavern, or any kind of Public business. The Lot is 120 feet on Wood Street, and 60 feet on Fourth Street.

ALSO,

A small HOUSE and LOT on Ferry Street, between Front and Second Streets, occupied by Mrs. Dobbins, subject to a ground rent of $40 per annum. For terms apply to John Johnston, Esq. Postmaster, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber in Allegheny Town, opposite Pittsburgh,

HUGH DAVIS,

October 14, 1815.

Valuable Imprvoed Lands FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for Sale the following Property, to wit:—*One Tract of Land,* situate in Fayette township, Allegheny county, adjoining Noblesburgh, containing 300 acres, divided into two Farms, on one of which is erected an excellent Farm House, Barn and Stabling, a Horse Mill, and a Stone Distillery, in complete operation, about 130 acres cleared and in high cultivation, an excellent bearing Orchard, and a large quantity of Meadow—is well watered with springs, and is adjoining a place of public worship.—On the other is erected a good House and Barn, all in complete order. The above property will be sold together or separate, to suit purchasers.

Also, *A Small Farm,* containing from 60 to 80 acres, more or less, on which is erected a Cabin, about 15 acres cleared, and an excellent Coal Bank on it.

Also, *One House* and *Lot* in Noblesburgh, with 7 acres of Ground attached thereto.

For terms, apply to the subscriber on the premises,

WILLIAM HERDMAN.

November 22, 1815. tf

For Sale or Barter,

A LOT of GROUND, the corner of First and Smithfield Streets, being 30 feet on Smithfield and 60 feet on First Streets, with the Houses thereon.

A LOT of GROUND, adjoining the above, 25 feet front on Smithfield Street, by 60 feet deep.

A LOT of GROUND adjoining, of the same dimensions.

A LOT of GROUND, at the corner of Smithfield Street and Diamond Alley, 25 feet front by 90 feet deep, to a 10 feet alley, with the privilege of said alley.

A LOT of GROUND, adjoining the last, of same dimensions.

The above will be sold on liberal terms, or building materials or work will be received in payment.

To Let on Lease forever,

A LOT of GROUND in Wood Street, next to the corner of Third Street, where the late Fire was, 21 feet front on Wood Street by 120 feet deep. Appy to

JOHN THAW.

Pittsburgh, November

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVING entered into Partnership, inform their Customers and others, that they carry on their Business at G. Miltenberger's Old Stand, next door to the Post-Office, under the firm of

Neal & Miltenberger,

where they manufacture and keep for Sale

Copper and Tin Wares,

of every description. They have now on hand a large supply of good COPPER, well assorted, and suitable for all kind of work; also, a number of STILLS, with WORMS complete.

They have likewise a

BRASS FOUNDERY,

in complete operation, where *Bells, Candlesticks, Andirons, Still Cocks, Rivets* and *Castings* of every kind will be executed in the neatest manner.

Being concerned in a

COMB MANUFACTORY

they will keep a constant supply of COMBS of different kinds, and of an excellent quality which they are determined to dispose of as low as they are sold at any Manufactory in the United States.

Mr. Miltenberger having removed to Philadelphia, they have made arrangements to keep a supply of *Tin Plate, Block Tin, Sheet Copper, Sheet Iron, Wire,* and other materials used in their business, which being purchased for Cash, they will be enabled to sell at the most reduced prices.

REUBEN NEAL,
GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, July 22, 1815.

*** Orders for any articles in their line thankfully received and attended to with the strictest punctuality.

The highest price given for Old Pewter, Copper and Brass.

Wanted, Two or Three smart, active Lads as Apprentices to the Coppersmith Business or Brass Foundery.

Constant employment and the highest wages will be given to Eight *or* Ten *Journeymen, who are wanted immediately.*

Western Eagle Lead Factory.

Trevor, Pettigrew & Troost,

CONTINUE to Manufacture at the WESTERN EAGLE LEAD FACTORY,
WHITE LEAD, *Dry or Ground in Oil*
RED LEAD, *and*
LITHARGE,

All of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

They also Manufacture at their CHEMICAL LABORATORY—ALCOHOL, ETHER, sweet SPIRITS NITRE, AQUA FORTIS, MURIATIC ACID, RED PRECIPITATE, CALOMEL and Chemical preparations generally,

Orders for any of the above articles will be thankfully received at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse of Speakman Say & Co. and at the Glass Warehouse of Trevor & Encell,

Pittsburgh, May 14, 1815.

Lease of Store for Sale.

FOUR YEARS unexpired from the 1s Ap next, of the Store at present occupied M'Clean & Doane, on the Bank of the Mo gahela, between Market and Wood Streets.

Apply to JOHN M'CLEAN
Pittsburgh, December 28th, 1815. tf

DOCTOR CHISHOLM'S
Anti-Bilious Pills,

Of a quality superior to any thing of th kind ever offered as a GENERA MEDICINE, in this Country.

NOW prepared from a recipe of the ce brated *Dr. Chisholm,* who, from a lon residence in the West-India Islands, has bee enabled to favor the world with the most co plete history, and most approved methods curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of thos warm climates.

This extraordinary Medicine, which no for the first time is finding its way into ge ral practice, has properties in the highest d gree superior to the mercurial nostrums requently recommended by the name of *An Bilious Pills.* The extraordinary powers this medicine as a solvent and evacuent of Bil is without example; never producing debili or injuring the health, in the smallest degre of the most delicate child or weakly female.

The Bilious Head-ache, so much complai ed of in this country, and in the neighbou hood of rivers, is often removed by a sing dose, which, to a strong man, is only fi pills, and to a weakly woman, three. T same dose will generally remove the most e cruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm by abusing the bile to pass downwards in t urse of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before di ner, and repeated every third day, will effe tually remove those diseases arising from fl tulency and indigestion, and by persevering the use of them for a considerable time, appetite will be improved, and strength an vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup penny-royal tea, and repeated every seco night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pai* wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour w a cup of flaxseed tea, will cure *Pleurisy,* pr mote expectoration, and relieve coughs an colds.

In Consumptive cases and diseases of th liver, no medicine ever yet discovered, ha been known to perform such cures. Two Pi taken every third morning, will be found suffi cient, unless costiveness prevails; in whic case the dose may be increased according the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery, Croup,* and *Summer Com plaint* on children, are soon relieved by a f doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years and the dose increased according to th strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where th laborious breathing and great oppression, wit faintings, are fast sinking the patient to th brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking on every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint te will often enable the patient to walk about a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sol ONLY *in Pittsburgh, by*

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their Wholesale and Retail Apothecar and Drug Store.

DOCTOR HANDY'S
WORM
DESTROYING LOZENGES,

A safe and efficacious medicine for destroying an bringing away WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of an age, or as common physic by the mos delicate constitution, in any climate, with restraint of diet, or the smallest danger fro cold. It may be given with advantage afte the small-pox or measles; or as a family med cine, in any case where physic is necessary— The most frequent seat of worms in the huma body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionall they have been found in almost every other pa of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms,* o an unusual form and appearance, being brough away by these Lozenges, have been made pub ic in England, where the rapid sale of the me dicine has exceeded any thing of the kind e known before; and has also proved, to a de monstration, its approved superiority, as a anthelminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, use ess nostrums, which are daily advertised the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable medicine* ha often been known to remove half a pot full the Teres or Round Worms

A few doses are generally sufficient to r move the Ascarides, a small white worm, th seat of which is either the stomach or rec

Even the *Tape Worm,* at all times the m difficult to destroy, may, by persevering th frequent use of this medicine, be totally r moved in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of peop who are not known here, and living at a gre distance, would be useless, and take up to much of the readers time. We shall therefo only observe, for the benefit of those who are a quainted with the symptoms of worms, that the are known or suspected to exist by a pain in stomach attended with a sudden depression spirits before eating; at other times the be hard, painful and distended with wind—co ness, head ache, and trembling of the limbs, w sense of something rising in the throat— complexion and emaciated body, with weakn and irregular appetite—convulsive, epilep falling fits—pains in the back and side, and fr quent itching of the nose, and sometimes of th anus. The above and a long train, of afflict diseases may all be occasioned by worms, whic are much oftener the cause of death than is com monly believed.

The above Valuable Medicine, *is sol* ONLY, *by*

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

At their Wholesale & Retail *Dru Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets,*

PITTSBURGH.

December 13, 1813.

Forty Dollars Reward,

STOLEN on the 22d of November last, fro Jacob Havener, of the county of Sussex New-Jersey, a dark bay HORSE, 7 years old 15 hands and an half high, a small white sp on both fore legs on the out side below th knees, some grey hairs on the thighs, had sore on the near side of his back near the hi and a small lump on the near side of the mou carries head and tail up, a natural trotter—thi Horse is supposed to be in the vicinity Washington F. B. HOLMES, of Pittsburgh will give the above Reward for Horse and Th or Twenty Dollars for the Horse only.

January 18, 1816.